Name:	Centre/Index No		
Signature	••••••		
553/1			
BIOLOGY			
(Theory)			
Paper 1			
2½ hours			

STANDARD HIGH SCHOOL ZZANA

MID TERM ONE EXAMINATIONS 2020

Uganda Certificate of Education BIOLOGY

(Theory)

Paper 1

2 hours 30 minutes

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

This paper consists of three sections; A, B and C. Answer all questions in Section A and B plus only two questions in Section C.

Write the answers for section A in the boxes provided, and **confirm** the answers in the answer grid provided at the end of the section. Write the answers for section B in the spaces provided.

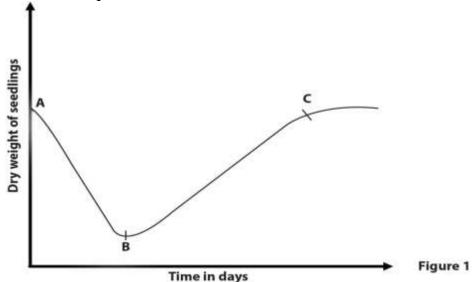
Answers for section ${\bf C}$ should be written on the answer sheets provided.

Drawings and illustrations are to be made neatly using a sharp HB pencil.

	For Examiners' use only					
	Section Score Examiner's initials					
	A					
B :	No. 31					
	No. 32					
	No. 33					
C:	No.					
	No.					
	Total					

SECTION A: (30 marks)

- 1. Which one of the following arteries carries oxygenated blood around the heart?
 - A. Coronary artery.
 - B. Aorta.
 - C. Pulmonary artery.
 - D. Hepatic artery.
- 2. The graph below shows variation of dry weight of a seedling with time, study it and use it to answer the question.



The best explanation for the trend between ${\bf A}$ and ${\bf B}$ is;

- A. slightly decrease, because the seedling is partly eaten by soil organisms.
- B. rapid decrease because the stored food is oxidized to release energy for the embryo.
- C. slight increase because the seedling absorbs water during germination.
- D. rapid increase: because the seedling carries out photosynthesis and makes organic compounds.
- 3. Which one of the following can be a result of non uniform distribution of auxin in a plant near the growing tips?
 - A. Flowering and fruit formation.
 - B. Geotropism and phototropism.
 - C. Nastic movement and taxis.
 - D. Thigmotropism and stomata opening.

4.		internal section of a leaf was observed and the cells were found to be, loosely packed and contained few chloroplasts, the cells are mo	
	A.	spongy.	
	B.	epidermal.	
	C.	palisade.	
	D.	guard.	
5.	_	pecimen was viewed under a microscope using an objective labelle piece labelled $X10$. The final magnification of the specimen was	d X4 and an
	A.	<i>X10</i> .	
	B.	<i>X5</i> .	
	C.	X40.	
	D.	X14.	
6.		are below shows a transverse section of dicotyledonous plant. A B Figure 2	
		part responsible for transporting water is	
	A.	A.	
	В. С.	B. C.	
	C. D.	D .	
_			
7.	Wha wife	at is the probability that an albino man will have an albino son with e?	an albino
	A.	0.25.	
	B.	1.	
	C.	0.	
	D.	0.5.	Turn Ove

8.	Which one of the following fins is most responsible for the forward movement in the fish?			
	A.	Ventral fin.		
	B.	Caudal fin.		
	C.	Pectoral fin.		
	D.	Pelvic fin.		
9.	Whi	ch one of the following is a storage molecule in a plant cell?		
	A.	Galactose.		
	В	Starch.		
	C	Fructose.		
	D	Glucose.		
10.		ch one of the following activities of man may lead to pollution of the ronment?		
	A.	introduction of fish in a pond to feed on the mosquito larvae.		
	B.	covering of top soil with dry grass.		
	C.	spraying pests with pesticides.		
	D.	uprooting weeds from a garden.		
11.	If the	Ident added $40cm^3$ of water to $50cm^3$ of soil in a measuring cylinder and stirred. It is soil contained 30% of air by volume, what was the final volume of the mixture oil and water?		
	A.	80 <i>cm</i> .		
	B.	60 <i>cm</i> .		
	C.	85 <i>cm</i> .		
	D.	75 <i>cm</i> .		
12.		ch one of the following endocrine glands is involved in regulating the osmotic sure of blood?		
	A.	Pancreas.		
	B.	Pituitary.		
	C.	Adrenal.		
	D.	Thyroid.		

13.	Whi	ch one of the following occurs during inspiration in a mammal?
	A.	Pressure in lungs increased above atmospheric pressure.
	B.	Volume in lungs decreased to minimum.
	C.	Pressure in lungs lower than atmospheric pressure.
	D.	Pressure in lungs equal to atmospheric pressure.
14.	Whi	ch one of the following is not true for a lumbar vertebra?
	A.	Long neural spine.
	B.	Long transverse process.
	C.	Broad centrum.
	D.	Extra extensions.
15.	Whi	ch one of the following is not present in the glomerular filtrate?
	A.	Glucose.
	B.	Water.
	C.	Amino acids.
	D.	Erythrocytes.
16.		ondition in flowers when the stamens mature faster than the carpels to prevent self nation is termed as
	A.	dioecious.
	B.	protogyny.
	C.	protandry.
	D.	dichogamy.
17.		ch one of the following ensures that only one sperm cell fertilizes an ovum in amals?
	A.	Acrosomal reaction.
	B.	Cortical reaction.
	C.	Coitus interuptus.
	D.	Vasectomy procedure.

	stage	age if the cell had 6 pairs of chromosomes at the start.			
			Figure 3		
	A.	Meta	phase II.		
	B.	Anap	hase II.		
	C.	Meta	phase I.		
	D.	Anap	hase I.		
19.	Whic	h one	of the following is not an evidence for evolution?		
	A.	Comp	parative anatomy.		
	B.	Embr	yology.		
	C.	Fossi	l study.		
	D.	Analo	ogous structures.		
20.	Whic	h one	of the following can be caused by a diet short of mango fruits?		
	A.	Berib	peri.		
	B.	Scurv	y.		
	C.	Pellag	gra.		
	D.	Ricke	ets.		
21.	The f	ollowi	ng are effects of hormones;		
		(i)	Increased uptake and oxidation of glucose in cells.		
		(ii)	Conversion of glucose to glycogen.		
		(iii)	Conversion of fats to glucose.		
		(iv)	Conversion of glycogen to glucose.		
	Whic	h of th	e following are effects of insulin?		
	A.	(i) an	d (ii).		
	B.	(i) an	(i) and (iii).		

The diagram below shows a stage during cell division in a eukaryotic cell. Identify the

18.

	C.	(ii) and (iii).	
	D.	(i) and (iv).	
22.	Whic	h one of the following is a permanent method of birth control in fema	ıle?
	A.	Vasectomy.	
	B.	Tubal ligation.	
	C.	Use of IUDs.	
	D.	Rhythm method.	
23.	Whic	h one of the following is least important in germination of a seed?	
	A.	Oxygen.	
	B.	Warmth.	
	C.	Light.	
	D.	Water.	
24.	Whic	h one of the following is not a characteristic for red blood cells?	
	A.	Do not have a nucleus.	
	B.	Carryout aerobic respiration.	
	C.	Contain haemoglobin.	
	D.	Do not use oxygen during respiration.	
25.	Whic	h one of the following taxa is the simplest?	
	A.	Kingdom.	
	B.	Genus.	
	C.	Family.	
	D.	Class.	
26.	Which	h one of the following minerals is useful both in blood clotting tion?	and bone
	A.	Magnesium.	
	B.	Sodium.	
	C.	Potassium.	
	D.	Calcium.	_
		Tu	ırn Over

27.	An c	organism in a food chain that releases materials for reuse by green plan	ts is called
	A.	decomposer.	
	B.	primary consumer.	
	C.	secondary consumer.	
	D.	primary producer.	
28.	Whi	ich one of the following fruits has free central placentation?	
	A.	Mango.	
	B.	Orange.	
	C.	Tomato.	
	D.	Green paper.	
29.		individual lost memory and power of imagination after being invodent, which of the following parts of the brain was greatly affected?	olved in a
	A.	Cerebrum.	
	B.	Hypothalamus.	
	C.	Medulla.	
	D.	Cerebellum.	
30.	Whi	ich one of the following is an example of discontinuous variation?	
	A.	Height.	
	B.	Skin colour.	
	C.	Sex phenotype.	
	D.	Body size.	

Confirm answers for section **A** in the grid below.

1.	11.	21.
2.	12.	22.
3.	13.	23.
4.	14.	24.
5.	15.	25.
6.	16.	26.
7.	17.	27.
8.	18.	28.
9.	19.	29.
10.	20.	30.

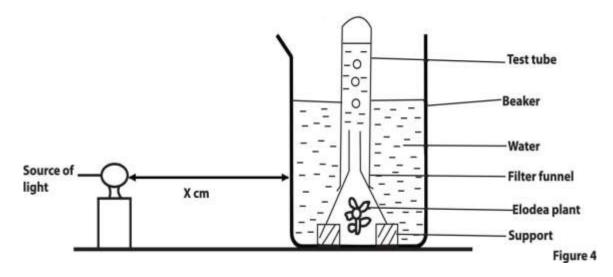
SECTION B: (40 marks)

Answer all questions in this section.

Turn Over

Answers **must** be written in the spaces provided.

31. (a) An experiment was carried out to show the effect of light intensity on the rate of photosynthesis. The experiment was set up as in the figure below:



Sodium bicarbonate was added to the water in the beaker. The rate of photosynthesis was obtained by counting the number of bubbles of oxygen given off per minute as the distance X was varied the results that were obtained as shown in the table below.

Turn over

Distance X in cm.	Number of oxygen bubbles given off per minute.
5	30
10	25
15	15
20	10
25	5
30	2

(a)	Pres	sent the data in the table above on a suitable graph.	(06 marks)
(b)	Des	cribe the trend of the graph.	(03 marks)
• • • • •			
(c)	-	lain the trend of the graph.	(03 marks)
• • • • •			
• • • • •			
(d)	(i)	Why was the filter funnel placed on top of supports an of the beaker?	d not the bottom (02 marks)

••••	(ii)	What was the use of sodium bicarbonate added to the beaker?	water in the (01 mark)
(e)	(i)	Counting the bubbles of oxygen given off is not the b determining the rate of photosynthesis, explain.	est method of (02 marks)
••••	(ii)	Explain what would happen if a black plastic cup was glass beaker.	s used instead of a (03 marks)
••••		<i>B</i>	, , , , , ,
••••	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
••••	• • • • • • •		
		m below shows positions of some endocrine glands in the state of the s	
(a)	Nam	e the glands labelled;	(03 marks)
	A		
	В		
	\mathbf{C}		

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Turn Over

(b) Explain how gland \mathbf{A} controls the activity of gland \mathbf{C} . (0					
 (c)	State three tropisms and in each case, give one benefit of the trop plant.				
	(i)	Tropism:			
		Benefit:			
	(ii)	Tropism:	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
		Benefit:			
	····				
	(iii)	Tropism: Benefit: Benefit:			
		Delient.			
(a)	(i)	What is vegetative propagation in plants?	(01 mark		
	(ii)	State three advantages of vegetative propagation.	(03 marks		
•••••					
• • • • • •					
•••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		
•••••			• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		

Figure 6 (i) Name the labelled structures. (03 marks) X Z State **three** advantages of sexual reproduction in plants. (03 marks) (c) **SECTION C: (30 marks)** Attempt only **two** questions. (a) In cattle the gene for hornless condition is dominant over the gene for horned condition. Using suitable genetic symbols, make crosses to determine the genotypes and phenotypes of the offspring got by crossing pure (true) breeding lines of the mentioned conditions. (06 marks) What will be the phenotypes of the offspring after crossing a heterozygous (b) hornless cow and a bull whose horns were completely cut off. (Show your working). (06 marks)

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The figure below shows a certain stage during sexual reproduction in a plant.

(b)

34.

Turn over

	(c)	(i)	What is discontinuous variation?	(01 mark)
		(ii)	State two examples of discontinuous variation in humans.	(02 marks)
35.	(a)	What is a respiratory surface?		(02 marks)
	(b)	Explain how the respiratory surfaces are adapted to the process of gas exchang (06 marks)		
	(c)	(i) Write four differences between respiration and photosynthesis.		
		(ii)	Explain compensation point.	(04 marks) (02 marks)
36.	(a)	Explain the importance of the following components of soil;		
		(i)	Humus.	(05 marks)
		(ii)	Soil organisms.	(04 marks)
	(b)	Describe an experiment to show that clay soil has higher capillari soil.		ty than loam (06 marks)
37.	(a)	Distinguish between locomotion and movement.		(02 marks)
	(b)	Explain the importance of a skeleton in a mammal.		(05 marks)
	(c)	Describe the instabilities that occur in a fish during locomotion in water, a state how each is overcome. (08 ma		