

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
Paper 4
July/August 2018
2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA

(c.1000 to independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- *Answer four questions only.*
- *Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.*
- *All questions carry equal marks.*

1. (a) Describe the way of life of the Hottentots by AD 1800. (13 marks)
 (b) How were the Hottentots affected by the arrival of the Dutch? (12 marks)

2. (a) What made the Dutch to occupy the Cape in 1652? (13 marks)
 (b) Explain the challenges faced by the early Dutch settlers at the Cape. (12 marks)

3. (a) How was Shaka able to build and rule the Zulu state? (15 marks)
 (b) What were the effects of Shaka's military reforms to the neighbours? (10 marks)

4. (a) Why did the trekking Boers fight with the Zulu in 1838? (12 marks)
 (b) What were the effects of this war? (13 marks)

5. (a) Explain the reasons for British annexation of Transvaal in 1877? (13 marks)
 (b) How did this annexation affect the whites in South Africa? (12 marks)

6. (a) What were the causes of the white man's war of 1899-1902? (12 marks)
 (b) How were the people of South Africa affected by this war? (13 marks)

7. (a) Why was the Apartheid policy introduced in South Africa ? (13 marks)
 (b) What were the effects of this policy on the people of South Africa? (12 marks)

8. (a) Explain the role played by Sam Nujoma towards Namibia's Independence. (12 marks)
 (b) Why did Namibia fail to attain independence until 1990? (13 marks)

END

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
Paper 4
July/August 2015
2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA

(c.1000AD to independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- *Answer four questions only.*
- *Any additional question(s) answered will not be marked.*
- *All questions carry equal marks.*

1. (a) Describe the migration, movement and settlement of the Sotho-Tswana people in South Africa. (13 marks)
- (b) How did they relate with the earlier inhabitants of Southern Africa? (12 marks)
2. (a) Explain the reasons for the Dutch expansion of their colony up to Fish river. (13 marks)
- (b) Why did the Boers loose the cape to the British in 1795? (12 marks)
3. (a) Describe the formation of the Ndebele state by Mzilikazi. (10 marks)
- (b) Explain the social, political and economic organization of the Ndebele. (15 marks)
4. (a) What were the causes of the British – Zulu wars of 1879? (13 marks)
- (b) How did these wars affect the Zulu? (12 marks)
5. (a) Explain the factors for the signing of the 1902 Treaty in South Africa. (12 marks)
- (b) How were the people of South Africa affected by this treaty? (13 marks)
6. (a) What led to the formation of Bantustans in South Africa? (13 marks)
- (b) How were the Africans affected by this policy? (12 marks)
7. (a) Why did south Africa rule Namibia for so long? (12 marks)
- (b) Explain the problems faced by the early Nationalists in Namibia. (13 marks)
8. (a) Why was the A.N.C formed in 1912? (10 marks)
- (b) Describe its role in the liberation struggle of South Africa. (15 marks)

END

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
Paper 4
July/August 2014
2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA

(c.1000AD to independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- *Answer four questions.*
- *You must not answer more than four questions.*
- *Any additional question(s) attempted will not be marked.*
- *All questions carry equal marks.*

1. a) What factors forced the Khoisan into South Africa? (12 marks)
b) How did the KhoiKhoi relate with the Dutch? (13 marks)
2. a) What reforms were introduced by the British in the Cape Colony up to 1834? (15 marks)
b) How did these reforms improve the status of slaves in South Africa? (10 marks)
3. a) Describe the achievements of the Batavian republic between 1803 and 1806. (13 marks)
b) Why did the Batavian government collapse? (12 marks)
4. a) Explain the factors that led to the formation of independent churches in South Africa. (12 marks)
b) What problems did the Christian missionaries in South Africa face? (13 marks)
5. a) Why did the Basuto clash with the British in the 1880's? (13 marks)
b) What were the results of this conflict? (12 marks)
6. a) Why did Paul Kruger conflict with the Uitlanders in Transvaal in 1895? (13 marks)
b) What were the results of this conflict? (12 marks)
7. a) Explain the role of Sam Nujoma and SWAPO in the struggle for Namibia's independence? (13 marks)
b) What problems did they face in their struggle? (12 marks)
8. a) What factors favoured African struggle against Apartheid in South Africa? (13 marks)
b) What role did the O.A.U play in the fight against apartheid? (12 marks)

END

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
Paper 4
July/August 2013
2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA

(c.1000AD to independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- *Answer four questions.*
- *You must not answer more than four questions.*
- *All questions carry equal marks.*

1. a) Describe the origin, movement and settlement of the Khoisan of South Africa. (10 marks)
 b) How did they live before 16th century? (15 marks)
2. a) What were the reasons for the British occupation of the cape in 1795? (12 marks)
 b) How did the Boers react to the British reforms at the cape? (13 marks)
3. a) What was Mfecane? (10 marks)
 b) Explain the effects of Mfecane wars to the people of South Africa. (15 marks)
4. a) What methods did Sobhuza use to build the Swazi nation? (12 marks)
 b) Why did the British annex Swaziland after 1870? (13 marks)
5. a) What were the characteristics of the economy of South Africa before 1867? (13 marks)
 b) How were the Africans affected by the economic changes in South Africa between 1867 to 1910? (12 marks)
6. a) What were the terms of the 1902 Vereeniging treaty? (13 marks)
 b) How did the terms affect the Africans in South Africa? (12 marks)
7. a) Why were Bantustans created? (12 marks)
 b) How successful were the Bantustans by 1870? (13 marks)
8. Explain the contribution of the following people in the history of South Africa.
 i) Albert Luthuli. (13 marks)
 ii) Clement Kadalie. (12 marks)

END

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
PAPER 4
July/August 2011
2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA
(c.1000AD to independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- *Answer **four** questions.*
- *All questions carry equal marks.*

Turn Over

1.
 - a) How did the British settle at the Cape between 1795 and 1814?(10marks)
 - b) Explain the contribution of Governor Charles Somerset towards the position of the Blacks in South Africa. (10marks)

2.
 - a) Describe the Boer migration into the interior of South Africa between 1830 and 1854. (15marks)
 - b) What problems did the Trekkers face during this migration? (10 marks)

3.
 - a) Explain the role of king Shaka in the foundation of Zulu state.(15marks)
 - b) Why did the Zulu state decline during the 19th century? (10 marks)

4.
 - a) Why were there the 1800 and 1840 wars among the Eastern Bantu tribes in South Africa? (15 marks)
 - b) What were the results of these wars? (10 marks)

5.
 - a) Why did the European Missionaries come to South Africa during the 19th century? (10 marks)
 - b) Explain the contribution of these European Churches to the history of South Africa. (15 marks)

6.
 - a) Describe the economic changes in South Africa between 1867 and 1910. (15marks)
 - b) How did these changes affect the Boer – British relations during the same period? (10 marks)

7.
 - a) Why did the Germans take over South West Africa in 1884? (13 marks)
 - b) What were the results of this take over? (12 marks)

8.

How did the following contribute to the liberation of South Africa?

 - a) Organization for African Unity (O.A.U) (13 marks)
 - b) United Nations Organisation (UNO) (12 marks)

END

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
Paper 4
July/August 2012
2 hours



WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA

(c.1000AD to independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- Answer *four* questions.
- You **must** not answer more than four questions.
- All questions carry equal marks.

1. a) Why were the British interested in the Cape by the early 19th Century. (10 marks)
 b) Explain the contribution of Lord Charles Somerset in the development of the Cape Colony. (15 marks)
2. a) Describe the achievements of the Batavian Republic between 1803 – 1805. (12 marks)
 b) Why did the republic collapse by the 19th century? (13 marks)
3. How did the following churches contribute to the development of South Africa by the 20th century?
 a) The Dutch Reformed Church. (15 marks)
 b) The Independent African Church. (10 marks)
4. a) Explain the causes of the Mfecane wars in South Africa. (10 marks)
 b) How did these wars affect the people of South Africa? (15 marks)
5. a) Explain the role played by King Mosheshoe in the establishment of Basuto state. (15 marks)
 b) Why did he collaborate with the British in 1868? (10 marks)
6. a) Describe the causes of the 1899 – 1902 Anglo-Boer war. (13 marks)
 b) What steps were taken by the British and the Boers to end the war in 1902? (12 marks)
7. a) Explain the causes of the Sharpeville incident of 1960? (13 marks)
 b) What were the effects of this incident? (12 marks)
8. a) Explain the contribution of the Organization of African Unity (OAU) to the struggle against apartheid in South Africa. (13 marks)
 b) Why was it difficult for the Organization of African Unity to liberate South Africa? (12 marks)

END

241/4
HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA
PAPER 4
July/August 2010
2 hours

WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education

HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA
(c.1000AD to Independence)

Paper 4

2 hours

INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES:

- Answer *four* questions
- All questions carry equal marks

1. a) Describe the movement and settlement of the Khoisan people in South Africa.
b) How did they live before the 16th century?
2. a) Explain the factors that led to the expansion of the Dutch Colony up to 1795.
b) How did the expansion affect the Africans?
3. a) Describe the Course of the Afrikaner exodus between 1835 and 1843.
b) What problems did they face in their new republics?
4. a) What methods did Sobhuza I use to build the Swazi nation?
b) Explain problems faced by the Swazi during the 19th Century.
5. a) How did the activities of the Dutch Reformed Church affect the:
i) Africans,
ii) Whites?
6. a) Why was there the South African war of 1899 – 1902?
b) How did this war affect the Africans and the Whites?
7. a) Why was the National Convention of 1908 called?
b) How did the Convention try to solve the existing differences between the Boers and the British?
8. a) Explain the causes of the pass protest against Apartheid regime in 1960.
b) What were the consequences of this pass protest?

END

241/4
**HISTORY OF
SOUTH AFRICA**
Paper 4
July/August 2009
1 Hour 30 Minutes

WAKISSHA JOINT MOCK EXAMINATIONS

Uganda Certificate of Education
HISTORY OF SOUTH AFRICA
(C.1000 AD to independence)

Paper 4
1 Hour 30 Minutes

INSTRUCTIONS

- *Answer three questions*
- *All questions carry equal marks*

1. a) Describe the movement and distribution of the Bantu into South Africa.
b) How did the Bantu relate with the Khoisan in South Africa?
2. a) Why did the Dutch expand their settlement up to the Fish river?
b) Explain the factors for the decline of the Dutch rule at the cape by 1795.
3. How did the following contribute to the history of South Africa?
 - a) African Independent Churches
 - b) The London Missionary Society
4. a) What problems did Dingiswayo, face as a chief of the Mthethwa?
b) How did Shaka improve upon Dingiswayo's reforms?
5. a) What were the origins of the Basuto nation?
b) Describe the organization of the nation in the 19th Century.
7. a) What were the reasons for Sir George Grey's federation scheme?
b) Why did his attempts to federate South Africa fail?
- 6.a) Why did the Boers conflict with the Bantu in the Eastern cape colony between 1779 and 1850's?
(b) What were the results of these conflicts?
8. a) Why was the Pan African Congress (PAC) formed in 1959?
b) Explain its contribution in the liberation struggle of South Africa.

END